

WORLD'S LARGEST WRECKING AND SALVAGING COMPANY

Formed by the Consolidation of the T. A. Scott Company of New London, the Chapman Company of New York and the Overseas Salvors, Inc., of New York—New Firm is to be Known as the Merritt, Chapman and Scott Corporation—Will Operate Along the Entire Atlantic Coast—Capt. Thomas A. Scott of New London Will be President, With Headquarters in New York—An Office Will be Maintained in New London.

The various offices of the company addition to New York, will be located in New York, London, Norfolk and Kingston, Jamaica.

The board of directors will be as follows:

J. I. Merritt, chairman; Thomas J. Merritt, president; E. H. Chapman, vice president; J. H. Merritt, secretary; J. I. Merritt, assistant to the chairman; H. M. Pendleton, vice president; and J. H. Merritt, treasurer.

and Scott Corporation. The combination, it was believed, would be well into the millions, will operate along the entire Atlantic coast and will be managed by a single company, formerly operated by them separately. The Scott Wrecking company had formerly worked almost exclusively in the waters of the United States, while the Merritt and Chapman Derrick and Wrecking company was the largest south of the border.

<p>The board of directors of the new corporation, as announced today, is composed of financiers and shipping men well known throughout the country. Captain Thomas A. Scott, of New London, Conn., president of the new firm, the board will be president of the new firm, making his headquarters in New York.</p>	<p>J. W. Van Dyke, president of the Atlantic Refining company; Homer L. Ferguson, president of the Newport News Shipbuilding company; Herbert F. Boston, of the F. S. Hoesly company, president of the Chamber, Inc., and A. Harriman, Company, Inc., and J. Powell, of Boston.</p>
<p>FURTHER TESTIMONY IN</p>	<p>NO CLUES TO BANDITS WHO</p>

STOLE \$200,000 IN DENVER

DENVER, Dec. 15.—Denver state federal authorities tonight after a long search, announced they had nabbed Charles Linton, one of the bandits who yesterday shot and killed Charlie Linton, stole a consignment of \$200,000 worth of furs from him and then made their escape, to use the most daring and sensational heists since the days of the great bank robberies.

Linton was taken at his home in a humble class as to the identity

Colonel Sam Hunter, of the adjutant general's office, said that both witnesses testified there were no agreements between the non-union workers at the mine and local officials of the United Mine Workers of America for safe conduct for the besieged workers out of the district. Officer corporated

Colonel Hunter said that he had tried to arrange such a truce, which acting in a purely personal capacity, having come from Springfield where he heard of the trouble.

Officer said that Colonel Hunter had talked to him over the telephone and said that W. J. Lester, the owner, had authorized him to call on the police.

Just before midnight, the witness testi-

mined, where a car, evidently left on street by the hands to be used in the hold-up, was discovered. The information furnished by a woman, the car, which was on the street by about an hour preceding the hold-up.

That the robbery was accomplished by the aid of the officer of Police H. R. Williams.

ated, those in the mine raised a white flag, but the slipping from surrounding hills continued and the men were forced to work at daybreak when the non-union men took refuge in some forested areas. Then the agreement was made and the men and the benighted decided to surrender, raising a white flag, he said.

After being assured of their safety, according to the report, the 15 non-union men were led from the mine, C. K. Mc-

Dowell, the superintendent limping painfully from his leg, and the other men, who were not only considerably increased in number, but also in size, and many of them armed, quoted one of its leaders, whom he could not identify as shouting: "They're no good, no good—breakers and we ought to kill them all."

About a mile from the mine the witness said, McDowell was led away by two men. One of them was a white man, and the other a black man. The witness said that the cripple superintendent was slain at this point.

"Were going to give you a chance for your lives," he quoted one of the leaders as shouting and then the firing began.

Officer said he dropped at the first discharge.

while the crowd was hunting down those who had escaped the rain of lead. He described the crowd as "howling like wolves."

"Only those who have guns can enter the woods," the witness said he heard one of the most leader cry.

It was at this point that other witnesses have testified 14 bodies were found. Four others, according to the testimony of the witness, were

hubs, were found in a clump of woods at short distance away, having been so close as they fled.

Six fugitives were captured, witnesses have said, driven through the streets of the city and about a country road that outside the town. The distance of the chase through the woods to the ^{westward} has been given as approximately six and a half miles.

Officer said that the only man he recognized was

Owning, N. Y., Dec. 18.—Elyck, convicted of "rustling" from Putnam county across the line into New York, was sentenced today to begin a four-year term. He is the first cattle rustler Putnam county ever had. And the only one to be sentenced since such an effort was made.

Under a severe cross-examination, Officer said there were 45 workers in the pit and about 25 guards, all of whom had been brought from the Cantonment at the time of the riot. He said he was at

present employed in a Kentucky mine which W. J. Lester has an interest in. The man was seen by a Seal gunner and armed men on Seal gun arms and ammunition which the men used in the mine at the time of the attack and admitted that he himself had been in the mine.

He also told of an airplane flying over the mine and said he heard explosions beneath it as though it was dropping bombs.

King had neither food nor water and the temperature far below freezing.

Officer was on the stand most of the day, and his cross examination will be resumed tomorrow morning.

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Governor Cox, returning to Boston from the conference of governors, said he had suggested that the next conference of state executives be held in Massachusetts next summer.

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Andrew Van Hook, charged the murder of Katherine Gray at Mass. in 1909, was acquitted at Bridgeport by reason of insanity. He ordered committed to the state hospital at Bridgewater for life.